#### § 20.1206

(b) Ruling. If the ALJ grants the motion, the ALJ may issue such orders as are necessary for the return of the suspended license, certificate, or document and for the matter to continue in an orderly way under standard procedure.

# § 20.1206 Discontinuance of expedited hearings.

- (a) Procedure. At any time during the expedited hearing, the respondent may move that the hearing discontinue and that the matter continue under standard procedure. A motion to discontinue must be in writing and explain why the case is inappropriate for expedited hearing.
- (b) Ruling. If the ALJ grants the motion to discontinue, the ALJ may issue such orders as are necessary for the matter to continue in an orderly way under standard procedure.

#### § 20.1207 Pre-hearing conferences.

- (a) When held. As early as practicable, the ALJ shall order and conduct a pre-hearing conference. He or she may order the holding of the conference in person, or by telephonic or electronic means.
- (b) *Answer*. The respondent shall enter his or her answer at the pre-hearing conference. If the answer is an admission, the ALJ shall either issue an appropriate order or schedule a hearing on the order.
- (c) *Content.* (1) At the pre-hearing conference, the parties shall:
- (i) Identify and simplify the issues in dispute and prepare an agreed statement of issues, facts, and defenses.
- $\mbox{(ii)}$  Establish a simplified procedure appropriate to the matter.
- (iii) Fix a time and place for the hearing 30 days or less after the temporary suspension.
  - (iv) Discuss witnesses and exhibits.
- (2) The ALJ shall issue an order directing the exchange of witness lists and documents.
- (d) *Order*. Before the close of the prehearing conference, the ALJ shall issue an order setting forth any agreements reached by the parties. The order must specify the issues for the parties to address at the hearing.
- (e) Procedures not to cause delay. Neither any filing of pleadings or motions,

 $\begin{array}{lll} nor & any & conduct & of & discovery, & may \\ interfere & with-- & \end{array}$ 

- (1) The holding of the hearing 30 days or less after the temporary suspension or
- (2) The closing of the record early enough for the issuance of an initial decision 45 days or less after the temporary suspension.
- (f) *Times.* The ALJ may shorten the time for any act required or permitted under this subpart to enable him or her to issue an initial decision 45 days or less after the temporary suspension.

#### § 20.1208 Expedited hearings.

- (a) *Procedures.* As soon as practicable after the close of the pre-hearing conference, the ALJ shall hold a hearing, under subpart G of this part, on any issue that remains in dispute.
- (b) *Oral and written argument.* (1) Each party may present oral argument at the close of the hearing or present—
- (i) Proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law; and
- (ii) Post-hearing briefs, under §20.710.
- (2) The ALJ shall issue a schedule, such as will enable him or her to consider the findings and briefs without delaying the issuance of the decision.
- (c) ALJ's decision. The ALJ may issue his or her decision as an oral decision from the bench. Alternatively, he or she may issue a written decision. He or she shall issue the decision 45 days or less after the temporary suspension.

#### § 20.1209 Appeals of ALJs' decisions.

Any party may appeal the ALJ's decision as provided in subpart J.

## Subpart M—Supplementary Evidentiary Rules for Suspension and Revocation Hearings

### § 20.1301 Purpose.

This subpart contains evidentiary rules that apply only in certain circumstances in S&R proceedings. They supplement, not supplant, the evidentiary rules in subpart H.

#### § 20.1303 Authentication and certification of extracts from shipping articles, logbooks, and the like.

(a) The investigating officer, the Coast Guard representative, any other commissioned officer of the Coast